Local Coverage Determination (LCD):
Mohs Micrographic Surgery (L35704)

Links in PDF documents are not guaranteed to work. To follow a web link, please use the MCD Website.

## Contractor Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONTRACTOR NAME</th>
<th>CONTRACT TYPE</th>
<th>CONTRACT NUMBER</th>
<th>JURISDICTION</th>
<th>STATE(S)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>02101 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Alaska</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>02102 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Alaska</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>02201 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Idaho</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>02202 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Idaho</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>02301 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Oregon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>02302 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Oregon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>02401 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Washington</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>02402 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Washington</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03101 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Arizona</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03102 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Arizona</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03201 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Montana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03202 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Montana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03301 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>North Dakota</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03302 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>North Dakota</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03401 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>South Dakota</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03402 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>South Dakota</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03501 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Utah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03502 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Utah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03601 - MAC A</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Wyoming</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noridian Healthcare Solutions, LLC</td>
<td>A and B MAC</td>
<td>03602 - MAC B</td>
<td>J - F</td>
<td>Wyoming</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## LCD Information

### Document Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LCD ID</th>
<th>Original Effective Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L35704</td>
<td>For services performed on or after 10/01/2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LCD Title</th>
<th>Revision Effective Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Mohs Micrographic Surgery

Proposed LCD in Comment Period
N/A

Source Proposed LCD
N/A

AMA CPT / ADA CDT / AHA NUBC Copyright Statement
CPT codes, descriptions and other data only are copyright 2018 American Medical Association. All Rights Reserved. Applicable FARS/HHSARS apply.

Current Dental Terminology © 2018 American Dental Association. All rights reserved.

Copyright © 2019, the American Hospital Association, Chicago, Illinois. Reproduced with permission. No portion of the AHA copyrighted materials contained within this publication may be copied without the express written consent of the AHA. AHA copyrighted materials including the UB-04 codes and descriptions may not be removed, copied, or utilized within any software, product, service, solution or derivative work without the written consent of the AHA. If an entity wishes to utilize any AHA materials, please contact the AHA at 312-893-6816. Making copies or utilizing the content of the UB-04 Manual, including the codes and/or descriptions, for internal purposes, resale and/or to be used in any product or publication; creating any modified or derivative work of the UB-04 Manual and/or codes and descriptions; and/or making any commercial use of UB-04 Manual or any portion thereof, including the codes and/or descriptions, is only authorized with an express license from the American Hospital Association. To license the electronic data file of UB-04 Data Specifications, contact Tim Carlson at (312) 893-6816 or Laryssa Marshall at (312) 893-6814. You may also contact us at ub04@healthforum.com.

CMS National Coverage Policy

Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, Section 1862(a)(1)(A). This section allows coverage and payment for only those services that are considered to be medically reasonable and necessary.

Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, Section 1833(e). This section prohibits Medicare payment for any claim which
lacks the necessary information to process the claim.

CMS Publications:

CMS Publication 100-02, Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15, Section 30, Physician Services
CMS Publication 100-02, Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 16, Section 120, Cosmetic Surgery
CMS Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 12 Section 40-40.6, Surgeons and Global Surgery
CMS Publication 100-04, Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 12, Section 60, Payment for Pathology Services

Coverage Guidance

Coverage Indications, Limitations, and/or Medical Necessity

Coverage Indications, Limitations, and/or Medical Necessity

As defined by the American Medical Association Current Procedural Terminology (American Medical Association, Chicago, IL), Mohs Micrographic Surgery (MMS) is a technique for the removal of complex or ill-defined skin cancer with histologic examination of 100% of the surgical margins. It is a combination of surgical excision and surgical pathology that requires a single physician to act in 2 integrated but separate and distinct capacities: surgeon and pathologist. If either of these responsibilities is delegated to another physician who reports the services separately, these codes should not be reported. The Mohs surgeon removes the tumor tissue and maps and divides the tumor specimen into pieces, and each piece is embedded into an individual tissue block for histopathologic (hematoxylin-eosin or toluidine blue) examination. Thus, a tissue block in MMS is defined as an individual tissue piece embedded in a mounting medium for sectioning. (American Medical Association. Mohs Micrographic Surgery. CPT Assistant 2006;16:1-7)

Mohs micrographic surgery is a two-step process: the tumor is removed in stages, followed by immediate histologic evaluation of the margins of the specimen(s). Further excision is performed until all margins are clear. The physician performing MMS furnishes both the surgical and pathological services, i.e., the excision and the histologic evaluation of the specimen(s).

Mohs surgery is usually an outpatient procedure done under local anesthesia (with or without sedation).

The majority of simple skin cancers can be managed by simple excision or destruction techniques. The medical records should clearly document that Mohs surgery was chosen because of the complexity (e.g. poorly defined clinical borders, possible deep invasion, prior irradiation), size or location (e.g. maximum conservation of tumor-free tissue is important).

Indications:

After careful review Medicare Jurisdictions E and F have adopted coverage for Mohs Micrographic Surgery in accordance with the 2012 Appropriate Use Criteria (AUC) for Mohs Micrographic Surgery as published in the Journal of the American Academy of Dermatology Volume 67, Issue 4, pp 531-550, October 2012. These criteria were compiled based on collaboration of the American Academy of Dermatology, the American College of Mohs Surgery, the American Society of Dermatologic Surgery Association and the American Society for Mohs surgery based on evidence based medicine, clinical practice experience and expert judgment.

Clinical settings that are supported by the criteria as denoted by the CPT® codes and ICD-10-CM codes listed in the
Billing and Coding Article will be considered for coverage when properly performed and the indications, procedure and findings/results clearly and legibly documented within the beneficiary’s clinical record. Clinical settings noted to be inappropriate by the criteria and not otherwise covered in this LCD will be denied and should NOT be billed to Medicare as MMS.

The majority of simple skin cancers can be managed by simple excision or destruction techniques. The medical records should clearly show that MMS was chosen because of the complexity (e.g. poorly defined clinical borders, possible deep invasion, prior irradiation), size or location (e.g. maximum conservation of tumor-free tissue is important).

**Definitions:**

1. **Area H:** Mask areas of the face (central face, eyelids [including inner/outer canthi], eyebrows, nose, lips [cutaneous/mucosal/vermillion], chin, ear periauricular skin/sulci, temple), genitalia (including perineal and perianal areas), hands, feet, nail units, ankles, nipples/areola

2. **Area M:** Cheeks, forehead, scalp, neck, jawline, pretibial surface.

3. **Area L:** Trunk and extremities (excluding pretibial surfaces, hands, feet, nail units and ankles).

4. **Immunocompromised:**
   a. patient with HIV/AIDS, organ transplant, hematologic malignancy or pharmacologic suppression.

5. **Genetic Syndromes:** basal cell nevus syndrome, xeroderma pigmentosa, or other syndromes at high risk for skin cancer.

6. **Healthy:** no immunosuppression, no prior radiation therapy to affected area, no chronic infections and no genetic syndromes that predispose to skin cancer.

7. **Prior Radiated Skin:** patient has previously received therapeutic radiation in this area of the body.

8. **Aggressive features:**
   a. For Basal Cell Carcinoma
      i. Morpheaform, fibrosing, sclerosing
      ii. Infiltrating
      iii. Perineural
      iv. Metatypical/keratotic
      v. Micronodular
   b. For Squamous Cell Carcinoma
      i. Sclerosing
      ii. Basosquamous excluding keratotic BCC
      iii. Small cell
      iv. Poorly or undifferentiated, i.e. high degree of polymorphism, high mitotic rate and/or low degree of keratinization
      v. Perineural or perivascular
      vi. Spindle cell
      vii. Pagetoid

Created on 12/31/2019. Page 4 of 17
viii. Infiltrating
ix. Keratoacanthoma (KA) type: central facial
x. Single Cell
xi. Clear Cell
xii. Lymphoepithelial
xiii. Sarcomatoid
xiv. Breslow depth below 2mm or greater
xv. Clark level IV or greater

9. Tissue Block:

A block is the plate that tissue is placed upon, coated with embedding medium, frozen, and then placed into the microtome for cutting. Thus, a block is a plate with tissue and mounting medium on it. How many tissue pieces go onto the plate (block) does not matter. The technician, with possible input from the physician, decides how many tissue pieces from a given excision stage would fit on one tissue plate (block). For example, a specimen may be butterflied and put on one block (tissue plate), or the same specimen could be bisected and both tissue pieces put on one plate (block). It is still one block.

Another example: one may take a subsequent Mohs excision stage as three separate, non-contiguous pieces (specimens). Each of the tissue pieces is considered as a separate tissue specimen; however, depending upon their size and the technician’s proficiency, all three pieces could be placed upon one plate (one block), or two pieces on one plate and one on another plate (2 blocks), or each of the three tissue pieces (specimens) could be placed on individual plates (3 blocks).

The block is the billing unit, not the tissue piece.

Indications:

Medicare will consider reimbursement for MMS for the following indications and anatomic locations:

I. Basal Cell Carcinoma
A. Recurrent BCC of any size or unexpected positive margin on recent excision (healthy or immunocompromised or genetic syndrome(s))

i. Aggressive Pathology

1. Area H, M, and/or L

ii. Nodular pathology

1. Area H, M, and/or L

iii. Superficial pathology

1. Area H and M only
2. No coverage for Area L

B. Primary Aggressive

i. Size ≤ 0.5 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

ii. Size ≥ 0.6 cm

1. Area H, M, and L

C. Primary Nodular BCC (Healthy patient)

i. Size ≤ 0.5 – 1 cm

1. Area H and M only

2. No coverage for Area L

ii. Size 1.1 – 2 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

iii. Size ≥ 2

1. Area H, M, and L

D. Primary Nodular BCC (Immunocompromised patient)

i. Size ≤ 0.5 cm

1. Area H and M only

2. No coverage for Area L.
ii. Size 0.6 – 1 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

iii. Size ≥ 2 cm

1. Area H, M, and L

E. **Primary Superficial BCC (Healthy Patient)**

i. Size ≤ 0.5 cm

1. Area H.

2. Area M may be considered for coverage on redetermination.

3. No coverage for Area L.

ii. Size ≥ 0.6 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. No coverage for Area L.

F. **Primary Superficial BCC (Immunocompromised Patient)**

i. Size ≤ 1.0 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. No coverage for Area L.

ii. Size > 1.0 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination
II. **Squamous Cell Carcinoma**

A. **Recurrent SCC of any size or unexpected positive margin on recent excision**

i. Aggressive Pathology

1. Area H, M, and L

ii. Verrucous Pathology

1. Area H

iii. KA-type SCC (Not central facial)

1. Area H, M, and L

iv. In situ/Bowen

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

v. AK with focal SCC in situ; Bowenoid AK; SCC in situ, AK type

1. NOT Covered

vi. Without aggressive histologic features, < 2 mm depth without other defining features, Clark level ≤ III

1. Area H, M, and L

B. **Primary aggressive SCC (healthy patients)**

i. Size – all

1. Area H, M, and L

C. **Primary aggressive SCC (Immunocompromised Patients)**
i. Size – all

1. Area H, M, and L

D. Primary SCC Without aggressive histologic features, < 2 mm depth without other defining features, Clark level ≤ III (healthy patients)

i. Size ≤ 1.0 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. No coverage for Area L

ii. Size 1.1 – 2 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

iii. Size > 2 cm

1. Area H, M, and L

E. Primary SCC Without aggressive histologic features, < 2 mm depth without other defining features, Clark level ≤ III (Immunocompromised patients)

i. Size ≤ 1.0 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

ii. Size ≥ 1.1 cm

1. Area H, M, and L

F. Primary verrucous SCC (healthy or immunocompromised patients)
i. All Sizes

1. Area H only

2. No Coverage for areas M and L as such tumors in these areas are extremely rare. The rare occurrence may be covered on redetermination.

G. Primary SCC KA type, not central facial (healthy patients)

i. Size ≤ 1.0 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. No coverage for Area L

ii. Size ≥ 1.1 cm

1. Area H, M, and L

H. Primary SCC KA type, not central facial (Immunocompromised patients)

i. Size ≤ 0.5 cm

1. Area H and M. Area L may be covered on redetermination

ii. Size ≥ 0.6 cm

1. Area H, M, and L.

I. Primary in situ SCC/Bowen disease (healthy patients)

i. Size ≤ 1.0 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. No coverage for Area L

ii. Size 1.1 – 2 cm

Created on 12/31/2019. Page 1 of 17
1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

   iii. Size > 2 cm

1. Area H, M, and L

J. **Primary in situ SCC/Bowen disease (Immunocompromised patients)**

   i. Size ≤ 0.5 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. No coverage for Area L

   ii. Size 0.6 – 1 cm

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

   iii. Size ≥ 1.1 cm

1. Area H, M, and L

K. **Primary AK with focal SCC in situ; Bowenoid AK; SCC in situ, AK type (healthy or immunocompromised patients)**

   i. Any size

1. Not covered

III. **Basal or Squamous Cell Carcinoma**

A. **Primary BCC or SCC regardless of sub-type, size or depth arising in:**

   i. Prior irradiated skin;
ii. Traumatic scar;

iii. Area of Osteomyelitis;

iv. Area of chronic inflammation/ulceration, or

v. Patients with genetic syndromes predisposing to skin cancer

1. Area H, M, and L

IV. Lentigo Maligna and melanoma in situ
A. Primary lentigo maligna (healthy or immunocompromised patients)

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

B. Locally recurrent lentigo maligna (healthy or immunocompromised patients)

1. Area H, M, and L

C. Primary melanoma in situ; non-lentigo maligna (healthy or immunocompromised patients)

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination

D. Locally recurrent melanoma in situ; non-lentigo maligna (healthy or immunocompromised patients)

1. Area H, M, and L

V. Other less common skin cancers

A. Adenocystic carcinoma

1. Area H, M, and L

B. Adnexal carcinoma

1. Area H, M, and L
C. Apocrine/eccrine carcinoma

1. Area H, M, and L

D. Angiosarcoma

1. Area H, M, and L subject to records review for medical necessity.

E. Atypical fibroxanthoma

1. Area H, M, and L

F. Bowenoid papulosis

1. Not covered

G. Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans

1. Area H, M, and L

H. Desmoplastic trichoepithelioma

1. Area H and M subject to medical records review for medical necessity.

2. Area L not covered

I. Extramammary Paget Disease

1. Area H, M, and L

J. Leiomyosarcoma

1. Area H, M, and L

K. Malignant fibrous histiocytoma

1. Area H, M, and L

L. Merkel Cell Carcinoma

1. Area H and M.

2. Area L may be covered on redetermination
M. Microcystic Adnexal Carcinoma

1. Area H, M, and L

N. Mucinous Carcinoma

1. Area H, M, and L

O. Sebaceous Carcinoma

1. Area H, M, and L

P. Rare Biopsy proven malignancies not otherwise specified

1. Area H, M, and L will be looked at for medical necessity on a pre-pay basis or may be covered on redetermination.

Limitations:

Only physicians (MD/DO) may perform Mohs micrographic surgery. (See Sections 1861 [s] [2] and 1862 [a] [140 of Title XVIII of the Social Security Act; 42 CFR, Sections 410.74, 410.75, 410.76 and 419.22; 58 FR 18543, April 7, 2000.)

The physician (MD/DO) performing Mohs micrographic surgery must be specifically trained and highly skilled in MMS techniques and pathologic identification.

Summary of Evidence

N/A

Analysis of Evidence

(Rationale for Determination)

N/A

General Information

Associated Information

Created on 12/31/2019. Page 14 of 17
Sources of Information

Bibliography
N/A

### Revision History Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REVISION HISTORY DATE</th>
<th>REVISION HISTORY NUMBER</th>
<th>REVISION HISTORY EXPLANATION</th>
<th>REASON(S) FOR CHANGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 12/01/2019            | R6                      | 12/01/2019: At this time 21st Century Cures Act will apply to new and revised LCDs that restrict coverage which requires comment and notice. This revision is not a restriction to the coverage. As required by CR 10901, all billing and coding information has been moved to the companion article, this article is linked to the LCD. | • Provider Education/Guidance  
• Revisions Due To Code Removal |
| 10/01/2018            | R5                      | 09/06/2018 - At this time 21st Century Cures Act will apply to new and revised LCDs that restrict coverage which requires comment and notice. This revision is not a restriction to the coverage determination; and, therefore not all the fields included on the LCD are applicable as noted in this policy.  
05/06/19 Approved to link the LCD to Billing and Coding of for Pathology Services on the Same Date of Service (DOS) as Mohs Surgery article A56515 | • Other (Other (Approved to be able to link LCD to Billing and Coding of for Pathology Services on the Same Date of Service (DOS) as Mohs Surgery article A56515.)) |
| 10/01/2018            | R4                      | 09/06/2018 - At this time 21st Century Cures Act will apply to new and revised LCDs that restrict coverage which requires comment and notice. This revision is not a restriction to the coverage determination; and, therefore not all the fields included on the LCD are applicable as noted in this policy.  | • Revisions Due To ICD-10-CM Code Changes |

Created on 12/31/2019. Page 15 of 17
The following ICD-110 codes were added and deleted per the Annual ICD-10 Updates.

**Added:** C43.111, C43.112, C43.121, C43.122, C4A.111, C4A.112, C4A.121, C4A.122, C44.1121, C44.1122, C44.1191, C44.1192, C44.1221, C44.1222, C44.1291, C44.1292, C44.1921, C44.1922, C44.1991, C44.1992, D03.111, D03.112, D03.121, D03.122, D04.111, D4.112, D04.121 and D04.122.

**Deleted:** C43.11, C43.12, C4A.11, C4A.12, C44.112, C44.119, C44.122, C44.129, C44.192, C44.199, D03.11, D03.12, D04.11 and D04.12.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REVISION HISTORY DATE</th>
<th>REVISION HISTORY NUMBER</th>
<th>REVISION HISTORY EXPLANATION</th>
<th>REASON(S) FOR CHANGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10/01/2015</td>
<td>R3</td>
<td>LCD revised to add C43.21 and C43.22 effective 10/01/2015.</td>
<td>• Other (Provider Outreach and Education question from a provider)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/01/2015</td>
<td>R2</td>
<td>This final LCD, effective 10/1/2015, combines JFA L35703 into the JFB LCD L35704 so that both JFA and JFB contract numbers will have the same final MCD LCD number.</td>
<td>• Creation of Uniform LCDs Within a MAC Jurisdiction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/01/2015</td>
<td>R1</td>
<td>R1 LCD revised to add ICD-10 codes D03.21-D03.22 effective 10/1/15</td>
<td>• Creation of Uniform LCDs Within a MAC Jurisdiction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Associated Documents**

**Attachments**

N/A

**Related Local Coverage Documents**

Article(s)
A56515 - Billing and Coding: Mohs Micrographic Surgery

**Related National Coverage Documents**
Public Version(s)

Updated on 11/07/2019 with effective dates 12/01/2019 - N/A
Updated on 05/06/2019 with effective dates 10/01/2018 - 11/30/2019
Updated on 09/08/2018 with effective dates 10/01/2018 - N/A
Some older versions have been archived. Please visit the MCD Archive Site to retrieve them.

Keywords

- 17311
- 17312
- 17313
- 17314
- 17315
- 88302
- 88304
- 88305
- 88307
- 88309
- 88314
- 88331
- 88332