Policy References: [Local Coverage Determination Knee Orthosis (L33318) and Policy Article (A52465)]
Documentation References: [Standard Documentation Requirements Policy Article (PA) A55426]

The supplier must be able to provide all of these items on request:
- Standard Written Order (SWO)
- Beneficiary Authorization
- Proof of Delivery (POD)
- Continued Need
- Continued Use
- Medical records from treating practitioner as noted below

Medical Records should contain:

Prefabricated Knee Orthoses (L1810, L1812, L1820, L1830 - L1833, L1836, L1843, L1845, L1847, L1848, L1850, L1851 and L1852)

- L1810, L1812, or L1820 is covered when medical records support:
  - Beneficiary is ambulatory; and
  - Has weakness or deformity of the knee; and
  - Requires stabilization

- L1831 or L1836 is covered when medical records support:
  - Beneficiary has flexion or extension contractures of the knee with movement on passive range of motion (ROM) testing of at least 10 degrees (see Group 1 Codes section of the LCD)

- L1830, L1832, or L1833 is covered when medical records support:
  - Beneficiary had a recent injury to or a surgical procedure on the knee(s) (for L1830 see Group 2 Codes section of the LCD)

- L1832, L1833, L1843, L1845, L1851 or L1852 is covered when medical records support:
  - Beneficiary had a recent injury to or a surgical procedure on the knee(s) or
  - Beneficiary is ambulatory; and

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Has knee instability due to a condition specified in the Group 4 Codes section of the LCD
Knee instability must be documented by examination of the beneficiary and objective description of joint laxity (e.g., varus/valgus instability, anterior/posterior Drawer test).

L1850 is covered when medical records support:
- Beneficiary is ambulatory; and
- Has knee instability due to genu recurvatum – hyperextended knee (see Group 5 Codes section of the LCD)
- Knee instability must be documented by examination of the beneficiary and objective description of joint laxity (e.g., varus/valgus instability, anterior/posterior Drawer test).

Custom Fabricated Knee Orthoses (L1834, L1840, L1844, L1846, L1860)
- Custom fabricated orthoses are covered when there is a documented physical characteristic which requires the use of a custom fabricated orthosis instead of a prefabricated orthosis. For example:
  - Deformity of the knee or leg
  - Size of thigh or calf
  - Minimal muscle mass upon which to suspend an orthosis
- L1834 is covered if the following criteria are met:
  - Beneficiary meets the coverage criteria for the prefabricated orthosis code L1830 (see Group 2 Codes section of the LCD); and
  - The general criterion for a custom fabricated orthosis is met
- L1840 is covered if the following criteria are met:
  - Beneficiary has instability due to internal ligamentous disruption of the knee (see Group 3 Codes section of the LCD)
- L1844 or L1846 is covered if the following criteria are met:
  - Beneficiary meets the coverage criteria for prefabricated orthosis code L1843, L1845, L1851 or L1852 (see Group 4 Codes section of the LCD); and
  - The general criterion for a custom fabricated orthosis is met
- L1860 is covered if the following criteria are met:
  - Beneficiary is ambulatory; and
  - Has knee instability due to genu recurvatum – hyperextended knee (see Group 5 Codes section of the LCD); and
  - The general criterion for a custom fabricated orthosis is met

Miscellaneous
- Heavy duty knee joints (L2385, L2395) are covered for:
  - Beneficiaries who weigh more than 300 pounds
- L2999 is covered when:
  - Beneficiary requires knee extension assist in the absence of any co-existing joint contracture